## The Economic Effects on Michigan of the DELMIA Corporation

Prepared by the Michigan Economic Development Corporation utilizing Regional Economic Models, Incorporated (REMI) software.

## **Abstract**

DELMIA Corporation is considering expanding its existing facility in Troy, Michigan. This facility would provide assembly, ergonomics, robotics, NC machining, inspection simulation and process verification software. The new facility would employ up to 111 people by the end of 2005. We estimate that by 2012, this location will have generated a total of 328 jobs in the state. Total state government revenues through 2012, net of MEGA costs and adjusted for inflation, would increase by \$14.7 million (2002 dollars) due to the expansion of the DELMIA Corporation.

The purpose of this study is to estimate the potential economic and fiscal benefits to Michigan of DELMIA Corporation expanding in Troy. Investment activity would take place between 2003 and 2005 with an investment of 10.6 million. The facility would employ an additional 111 people and would be at full production by 2005.

The estimates of the benefits attributable to the project include the total number of jobs created in Michigan (by major industry, including spin-off jobs), and the associated personal income and state government revenue. Benefits net of the MEGA incentive package, from 2003 to 2012, are shown in the attached table. The MEGA incentive package includes a tax credit to the company for the period 2003 to 2012 equal to 75 percent of the state income tax rate on the payroll (gross wages) of employees hired at the facility as a result of the project.

The total employment effects, reported in the first line of the table, include the direct jobs created at the facility itself plus spin-off jobs. The spin-off jobs are created from two sources, increased purchases from Michigan suppliers and spending by people who receive income due to the increased economic activity. In 2005, the first year of full operations, an additional 387 jobs are generated in the state. The total number of jobs (direct plus spin-off) for every direct job introduced constitutes the "employment multiplier." The employment multiplier for the expansion averages 2.92 over the period 2003 to 2012. Sectoral detail on the employment is also shown in the table.

Personal income is shown in the next section of the table. Personal income is defined as the income of Michigan residents from all sources, after deduction of contributions to social insurance programs but before deduction of income tax and other personal taxes. As shown in the table, if DELMIA Corporation were to expand in Michigan under the incentive program, state personal income in 2005 would be higher by \$22.9 million (in current dollars) than it would be without the facility, and in 2012, it would be \$30 million higher. Adjusted for inflation, these numbers in 2002 dollars would be \$21.5 million in 2005 and \$24.4 million in 2012.

The gain in economic activity results in higher government revenues. We estimate that in 2006, the first year of full operations without investment activity, the facility would generate \$1.9 million in additional gross state revenue, and that the MEGA package would provide a \$232,000 incentive to DELMIA Corporation. Thus, the new DELMIA Corporation expansion would increase state revenues in 2006 by \$1.7 million, net of MEGA costs.

Over the period 2003 to 2012 state government revenue is projected to increase by \$18.9 million (in current dollars) due to the new DELMIA Corporation expansion. The MEGA incentive package for DELMIA Corporation is forecast to cost \$2.3 million over the period, resulting in a net increase in state government revenue of \$16.7 million. Adjusted for inflation, the total net increase in state government revenue from 2003 to 2012 would be \$14.7 million in 2002 dollars. These calculations do not include any revenue losses due to the property tax abatement or the investment tax credit. If the costs of the abatement and the tax credit were included, the net revenue gain to state government would be slightly less.

None of the estimates include the nonmeasurable effects that would produce additional economic and fiscal benefits for Michigan, such as the intangible advantages of influencing other location and expansion decisions.

Economic and Fiscal Effects on Michigan - Net Benefits with the Incentive Package DELMIA Corporation

Economic/Fiscal Indicator	2003	NOW	LOGO						•	を対象を表している。	
	2007	2004	CORZ	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	0040	
Total Employment Manufacturing Non-Manufacturing Retail Trade Services Other	161 52 109 20 42 47	27.1 94 17.7 34 77 66	387 133 254 48 112 94	374 128 246 46 110	369 123 236 44 107 85	347 119 228 41 106 81	345 117 228 41 108 79	336 116 220 39 105 76	330 115 215 38 104	328 328 114 214 38 105	lota
In Current Dollars (Thousands): Personal Income Gross State Revenue Mega Cost State Revenue Net of MEGA Cost* Adjusted for Inflation	\$8,057 645 78 \$567	\$14,980 1,198 149 \$1,049	\$22,890 1,831 223 \$1,608	\$24,380 1,950 232 \$1,718	\$25.420 2.034 2.40 \$1,794	\$26,250 2,100 249 \$1,851	\$27,470 2,198 258 \$1,940	\$28,230 2,258 2,88 \$1,990	\$29,020 2,322 278 \$2,044	\$30,030 2,402 289 \$2,113	\$236,727 18,938 2,265 \$16,673
Personal Income Gross State Revenue Mega Cost State Revenue Net of MEGA Cost*	\$7,903 633 77 \$556	\$14,405 1,152 143 \$1,009	\$21,579 1,726 210 \$1,516	\$22,534 1,802 214 \$1,588	\$23,035 1,843 218 -\$1,625	\$23,324 1,866 221 \$1,645	\$23,900 1,912 225 \$1,687	\$24,027 1,922 228 \$1,694	\$24,156 1,933 232 \$1,701	\$24,440 1,955 235 \$1,720	\$209,303 16,744 2,003 \$14,741

\* These estimates do not include any state government revenue tosses due to the Investment Tax Credit, the Renaissance Zone Credit or the property tax abatement.